

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

VOLUME XIII.

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Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

W. P. WALTON.

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AT—

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When paid strictly in advance. If we have to
"sit any time, \$2.50 will be charged.

HOW OLD?

"How old is Mary Anderson?
That people call her green?
Is she, like good Victoria,
One hundred and thirteen?"
"Oh! no, my son, about as old
As I was at her age;
But people never grow who go
Play-acting on the stage."
"And the 'boy-preacher,' Harrison,
Is he so youthful still?"
"And does he wear short jackets now
Like me and Cousin Ben?"
"Oh! no, my son, although his age
Is rather hard to fix;
I heard him preach in Louisville
In eighteen forty-six."
"And the 'child violinist,' then,
The youngest star alive?"
"Great Scott! he played with Ole Bull
In eighteen twenty-five." [Life.]

POLITICAL.

Mr. Tilden and Gov. Cleveland.

It can be stated with absolute authority that Mr. Tilden's interest in Gov. Cleveland's success is and has been earnest and outspoken. Mr. Tilden's letter of declaration was made public after an assurance from the Governor that he was in hearty and entire sympathy with the overwhelming desire of the party that Mr. Tilden should accept the nomination. That letter, by the way, was prepared many weeks before being finally given to the public. Mr. Tilden only waited for a proper opportunity to make his decision known. He left his intimate friends in no doubt that under no circumstances would he feel himself able to undertake the responsibilities of the campaign and the subsequent achievement of reform in the administration of the Federal Government—for no one doubts that his election would be certain if he survived until the close of the campaign. But when his decision became generally known as Washington he was surprised vigorously and constantly by many leaders of the party to reconsider it. He steadfastly reiterated his purpose—his first intention being to address the letter to the State Democratic Convention. Circumstances—and after the assurances of Gov. Cleveland referred to—led him to address the letter to Chairman Manning at the time it was issued and Gov. Cleveland's control of the State delegation was thereafter assured.

Since—and even before—the nomination Mr. Tilden's expressions of esteem for Gov. Cleveland and appreciation of his high-minded and able administration, which so closely followed the lines of Mr. Tilden's own administration of the same office, have been unstinted. Gov. Cleveland's friends feel that his candidacy represents in the largest measure and more conspicuously, perhaps, than would have been the case with any other candidate, that achievement of reform in the administration of the Federal Government, which the party had as its chief issue when Mr. Tilden was its candidate. As the choice of the party when Mr. Tilden could not be placed at the head of the ticket, as the first democratic Governor of New York after Mr. Tilden, he also may be considered to represent the issue of that "best of friends" compromise—the pledge of our devotion to the principles and the cause now inseparable in the history of this Republic from the labors and the name of Samuel J. Tilden. [New York Herald.]

The September elections will be watched with much interest, as signs indicating the direction of the political wind. Arkansas is to choose State officers and a Legislature on the first of that month. Vermont will choose State officers, a Legislature and Congressmen on the 21, and Maine a governor, a Legislature and Congressmen on the 8th. In October Ohio, West Virginia and Georgia hold State elections and on November 4th the Presidential election occurs.

Andrew Jackson was twice elected President of the United States and that, too, in spite of attacks upon his personal character as malignant as any that were ever made upon the character of Aaron Burr. The American people have a wholesome repugnance to scandal mongers who venture beyond the official record to assail public men. [Brooklyn Eagle.]

WITHOUT A MORAL—A Flock of Ducks which had observed a Man standing on the shore of the Pond, got into a dispute as to whether he carried a gun or a cane. To settle the matter they all swam near him, and of a sudden he raised the disputed object to his shoulder and slam-banged among them. It was a Double-Barreled Shot Gun, and not a Cane.

MORAL: But as he was a Stanford sportsman he didn't hit a blessed bird. Therefore, no moral can be drawn from the above.

JUST AS GOOD.

Many unscrupulous dealers may tell you they have remedies for Coughs and Colds equal in merit and in every respect just as good as the old reliable Dr. Bosanko Cough and Lung Syrup, unless you insist upon this remedy and will take no other, you are liable to be greatly deceived. Prices, 50 cents and \$1.00, sold by McRoberts & Stage.

Manchester, Ky., Aug. 8th.

Editor Interior Journal:

—The young people of Clay County have a moonlight picnic at Judge Burchell's to-night.

—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Redd and Miss Jael Redd, of Crab Orchard, Ky., are visiting friends and relatives in this county. Miss Jewett Taylor, of Frankfort, is visiting Mrs. Gilbert Garrard.

—Our August elections are over and returns give Hall a majority of 248. Col. D. Y. Lytle, Independent, received a majority over Ward of about 544. Col. Lytle is a resident of this county. Robt. Clarke, rep., received a majority over Keith, dem., of nearly 500. Geo. W. Baker, dem., is elected by 550 majority over Capt. Holman, rep., to fill out unexpired term of County Attorney. The race between M. G. Horton, dem., and Dr. I. S. Manning, rep., was in favor of the latter by but 6 votes. There will be no contest. This is the race in which Hon. John D. White has taken such a leading part. Horton applied to Judge Finley for a certificate, but because he did not come at the day appointed by Judge Finley for examination the Judge refused to grant him a certificate. Any way, Horton put himself before the people and the County Clerk failing to put his name on the poll books at Otter Creek precinct, Gilbert Garrard, who was a friend to Horton, placed his name on the book. Hon. John D. White coolly walked up and took a pen and scratched Horton's name out. Whereupon Garrard refused to allow any vote to be taken until Horton's name was polled as a candidate. After waiting about two hours the officers of the election who were equally divided pro and con, agreed to let Garrard poll Horton's name as acting deputy clerk of the County Court, which he was. The action of John D. White is condemned by all fair-minded men of Clay County as being both presumptuous and overbearing.

"Don't Embarrass the Governor."

Last Thursday Wallace's circus visited Columbia and with it was Mr. C. C. Worrall, a graduate of an Indiana college, who recently abandoned the profession of law for a branch of business yielding quicker returns and larger profits. Mr. Worrall had an old gambling device containing three small cups and an Indian-rubber ball. Whoever thought he could pick out the cup that had the ball under it was at once accommodated, provided he was willing to back his judgment with a reasonable sum of money. Gentlemen from the rural districts of Adair backed their judgment liberally, and Counselor Worrall harvested shekels galore. Mr. Tom Epperson's bad guessing cost him \$50, and Mr. Armstrong Hill saw \$33 depart from him and his administrators and assignees forever. There were many more of the same kind, whose names can not be had, but in the aggregate Mr. Worrall took in quite a handsome sum.

The unfeeling authorities of Columbia arrested Mr. Worrall and on Saturday he had a trial. The jury found him guilty and fined him \$500. They stated that they could not fine him any less but that they would sign a petition to Gov. Knott, who happened to be in town, for a pardon.

"Don't embarrass the Governor," said Mr. Worrall, with that easy grace which renders him as irresistible in his profession. "He has said that he will not pardon a gambler and I shall not ask him to break his word on my account. I have the money here and will just pay the fine."

So Mr. Worrall laid down \$500 and an additional sum for costs, compromised with Mr. Epperson, who had sued to recover the money, and quietly left town, after volunteering the information that he was still somewhat ahead of the game and that his visit to Columbia had been reasonably profitable, much better than practicing law, at all at events. [Lebanon Standard.]

He Experimented.

He was a bashful wooer, but there was a certain manliness about him which indicated that he only needed encouragement to let himself out. She saw this and she resolved on a policy of encouragement.

"Do you believe these stories in the funny papers," she asked, "about the willingness of young ladies to be kissed?"

"I—I really can't say," he replied. "They may be true." Then gathering courage, he added: "I hope they are true," and drew closer to her.

"It seems to me," she said "that there is only one way in which a young man can discover whether they are true or not."

"And what way is that?" he asked.

There was a brief pause. Then with a faraway look in her eyes, she answered:

"By experiment when he has an opportunity."

He experimented.—[Detroit Free Press.]

Just now there seems to be a fancy among fashionable people to use owls—stuffed owls—as ornaments to set on the top of book cases or other suitable places. Common owls stuffed sell at \$3 to \$8 apiece. White owls are worth from \$15 to \$20. I have been cleared out of owls entirely, the demand has been so large of late, and I have several unfilled orders from Chicago still on hand.—[Ex.]

TRY IT YOURSELF.

The proof of the pudding is not in chewing the string, but in having an opportunity to try the article yourself. McRoberts & Stage, the Druggists, have a free trial bottle of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup for each and every one who is afflicted with Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption or any Lung Affection.

GEO. O. BARNES IN FRANCE.

'PRAISE THE LORD'

25 AVENUE DE LA GRANDE ARMEE, PARIS, July 9th, 1884.

Dear Interior

1. I have to observe concerning the French language; that there is less connection in it, between spelling and pronunciation, than in any tongue, living or dead, with which I have any acquaintance. Such a prodigious waste of letters, and such reserve in using what are left, strikes a foreigner with surprise not unmingled with indignation, when he attempts to fit in his own system of orthoepy and finds that it is utterly unintelligible to a Frenchman, however logical and correct in itself. Of course it becomes one to speak modestly, in whose beloved native tongue, such anomalies in pronunciation are found as in tough, cough, plough, though, through, hough and dough. I acknowledge that there are enough to drive the average foreigner wild, but they furnish no excuse for a Frenchman pronouncing *tout le monde*—"toole-maw," nor using *hommes* to say "om" and thousands of other things in orthography and orthoepy that these examples cannot "hold a candle to," in point of inconsistency. The blank amazement that comes over one when you request a native of this country to spell some word that you are inquisitive about, beggars description. How would you feel dear reader, if upon asking a friend in Paris, to spell the unassuming little word given above—"om," he should, instead of saying "o-m" like a sane man answer you something like this "arsh o-m-may-ay?"

2. I like French manners exceedingly, though I am too old to imitate them. The way they pull off their hats, and speak courteously, and make you feel that they take the warmest personal interest in you, is very attractive to one who has only known the average habits of England and America, in this respect. I wish I had electricity enough left in me to commence life over again and be thoroughly unforgetfully polite. It is a good and scriptural habit, I always envied my old friend Rutherford, of Paris, Ky., his rarely beautiful manners. Just imagine a whole country full of men as courteous as he and you have *La Belle France*, without much exaggeration. "Be pitiful, be courteous" is a bible injunction little attended to in this selfish age. But what a lubricator genuine politeness is! Everybody is "Monsieur" in France.

3. French religion is Roman Catholic chiefly, as every one knows. Some think the nation infidel, as to the bulk of it. I shouldn't wonder, for the world is going that way fast. But I will say that even if religion is kept up for the women mainly, it is kept up in a profusion of expenditure on the church buildings that one does not find in England or America—costly as are some of our houses of worship. Paris is a city of gorgeous churches. This is a characteristic feature of the beautiful French capital. One goes to one grand temple after another, until after a time the grandeur palls upon you. I made one blunder *Notre Dame* is the "Westminster Abbey" of France and I ought to have gone to it first. It so happened that I visited it last and it was a disappointment amounting to a shock. You shall find a dozen churches in Paris far more elegant and imposing than *Notre Dame*. If I had seen it first, however, I should have been satisfied better and the disappointment has unfitted me to do the venerable pile justice. To any one visiting Paris, who may read this, I would give the advice to avoid my blunder. Among the churches that Verdon and I inspected more or less carefully, of course the *Magden* holds the first place for massive grandeur. I shuddered as I walked up and down its beautiful ileas to think that one of the most recent events of its chequered history was the total destruction in 1871 of 300 communists, who took shelter in the great building after a desperate combat in the streets, not one escaped the infuriated soldiery. I could hardly realize that the solemn quietude of the place had ever been broken by volleys of musketry, and the deadly bayonet stab of contending combatants. *St. Augustine* is exquisite for internal beauty. The confessionals at the sides had the names, conspicuously posted, of the several Father Confessors, with the times of their attendance, who ministered in this elegant place. I saw this no where else and took up the notion from the general surroundings, that this is a most aristocratic establishment of very recherche and exclusive character. *St. Clothilde* is a beautiful church where we had the pleasure of hearing the deep musical chanting of a choir of male voices. One must hear this singing of only men, rolling through vaulted nave and pillared aisles to appreciate the almost weird effect of it. I had never heard anything to equal this choral chant in *St. Clothilde*. *St. Sulpice* is the most massive church interior that I saw in Paris. The perfect prodigiousness of the square pillars that support the lofty roof, surpasses any architecture of the kind in the city. Here too, on the same colossal scale, the enormous oil paintings in the side chapels, perhaps 40 feet by 20, strike the spectator with wonder. Even the *Louvre* has no such monster works of art as these.

In *St. Sulpice* we met with a little adventure. As I was taking a brief note in my book while sitting on one of the church chairs, I heard the tramp of feet, the tinkle

of a little bell and the authoritative rap of an official staff on the stone pavement. Looking up I beheld a small procession headed by a man in a cocked hat (quite answering to an English Beadle) who held in his hand a staff with gilt head. Following him was a cleric of some sort, in white garments, with a something in his hand covered with a cloth, that I afterwards guessed to be the consecrated bread. A few others followed in measured marching order. The old fellow with the staff gave me an imperious nod, as he approached, which fortunately I interpreted promptly, by rising and standing respectfully as he passed. Before I caught his eye and nod I was staring wonderingly and keeping my seat, which would have offended the official grievously. I don't know what might have happened had not the good LORD taught me what to do in an instant; for the procession was right upon me when first observed. Perhaps the Beadle would have rapped my thick head, instead of the pavement, to teach me better church manners. The Pantheon is a grand church of impressive proportions, out and in. Put *St. Paul's* dome on a little smaller scale than the original, on the Royal Exchange, London, and you have the Pantheon to a dot. And that will do for the churches of Paris, will it not? Oh! I must not forget *St. Denis*, which is far outside the walls of the city, in a suburban town. A wonderful church it is, where the dust of many generations of royalty reposed until the first Revolution and the "Reign of Terror" tore the bodies out of the old crypt, remorselessly and flung them into a common pit, dug near by, in extricable confusion. The leaden wraps were run into bullets to shoot aristocrats. Afterwards the bones were replaced, but all identity was lost. It is intensely interesting—this old burial place of French kings, and I am glad I went out to see it. The verger read in a monotonous, wooden way, the inscriptions on the various tombs, not giving us time to understand them by personal study; for he whisked us off to the next, when a faint dawn of intelligence was beginning to break as to the last subject. Then the whole thing over again at the next tomb until we were fairly idiotic at the close. I can hear his monotone now. And he charged us a franc apiece for stalling us. It is a pity the public are not permitted to study these wondrous side aisles and instructive inscriptions at their leisure. Ever in Jesus, GEO. O. BARNES.

Canals.

The Imperial Canal of China is over 1,000 miles long. In the year 1881 was completed the greatest undertaking of the kind in Europe, the canal of Languedoc, or the Canal du Midi, to connect the Atlantic with the Mediterranean; its length is 148 miles, it has more than 100 locks and about 50 aqueducts and its highest part is no less than 600 feet above the sea, it is navigable for vessels of upward of 100 tons. The largest ship canal in Europe is the great North Holland Canal, complete in 1825. It is 124 feet wide at the water surface 31 feet wide at the bottom and has a depth of 20 feet; it extends from Amsterdam to the Helder, 51 miles. The Caledonian canal, in Scotland, has a total length of 60 miles, including 3 lakes. The Suez Canal is 80 miles long, of which 66 miles are actual canal. The Erie Canal is 350 1/2 miles long; the Ohio canal, Cleveland to Portsmouth 332; the Miami and Erie, Cincinnati to Toledo, 291; the Wabash and Erie, Evansville to the Ohio line, 374. The Suez Canal is 26 feet 4 inches deep, 72 feet 5 inches wide at bottom, 329 feet wide at water surface. Length a little short of 100 miles. The Panama Canal is 55 1/2 miles in length.

The Italian laborers in New Jersey eat toads, mud turtles and sheep and chickens which have fallen victims to disease. If they could be taught to eat English sparrows or potato bugs, they might be invited to come West and grow up with the country instead of illustrating as they now do the beauties of protection.

A goat ought to be a first class material for the cleonargerie. There is no better butter than the goat.

Positive Cure for Piles.

To the people of this county we would say that we have been given the agency of Dr. Marchal's Italian Pile Ointment—emphatically guaranteed to cure or money refunded—Internal, External, Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. Price 50 cents a box. No cure, no pay. Penny & McAllister, Druggists.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.

We emphatically guarantee Dr. Marchal's Cathartic, a female remedy, to cure Female Diseases, such as ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Obstruction, Falling and displacement or bearing down feeling, Irregularities, Barrenness, Change of Life, Leucorrhoea, besides many weaknesses springing from the above, like Headache, Bloating, Spinal Weakness, Sleeplessness, Nervous debility, Palpitation of the Heart, &c. For sale by druggists. Prices \$1 and \$1.50 per bottle. Send to Dr. Marchal, Utica, N. Y., for pamphlet, free. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Druggists.

CURE FOR PILES.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, looseness of the stomach, &c. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a very common attendant. Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, looseness of the stomach, &c. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a very common attendant. Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. 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W. P. WALTON.

THE sweet morsel of scandal which the republicans have rolled under their tongues with so much relish and which their papers have given so much publicity to in regard to the youthful indiscretions of Gov. Cleveland, has proved on investigation by worthy and prominent men to be about as follows: "Many years ago, when the Governor was 'sowing his wild oats,' he met this woman, with whom his name had been connected and became intimate with her. She was a widow and not a good woman by any means. Mr. Cleveland, learning this, began making inquiries about her, and discovered that two of his friends were intimate with her at the same time with himself. When a child was born, Cleveland, in order to shield his two friends, who were both married men, assumed the responsibility of it. He took care of the child and mother like a man and did everything in his power for them; and he provided for them until the woman became a confirmed victim to alcoholism and made it impossible by her conduct for him to have anything to do with her. He never separated the mother and child, nor did he do anything to injure the woman. He was throughout the whole affair a victim of circumstances. He accepted responsibilities that not one man in a thousand would have shouldered and acted honorably in the matter. In short, Cleveland's character in Buffalo stands as one in which the citizens take pride, because of his good judgment and sterling integrity in all matters, and he has and will continue to receive the support, in his nomination for the presidency, of the best class of all the opponents of Mr. Blaine." The strict constructionists and pharisaical inclined may hold up their hands in holy horror at this, but we doubt if the lives of 90 men out of 100 will bear as close scrutiny and come out as honorably. The same old scandal was worked for all it was worth when Cleveland ran for Governor of New York and it did not hurt him then, as he was elected by 192,518 majority, nor will it hurt him now with honest men. There was no promise of marriage and no seduction and while hundreds of men would have yielded as he did to passion, there's hardly a man who would have so honorably atoned for his indiscretion.

THE Louisville Post has information, which is deemed authentic, and their course bears out the assertion, that the New York Sun and the Cincinnati Enquirer have sold out to the republicans and will support Blaine and Logan. Something better was expected of the former, but the latter has never been governed by principles or politics, but has ever kept its weather eye open to the main chance, ready to jump in the direction of the largest pile of money. Gath is to do the Blaine work for it. The Sun's course towards Cleveland has been most contemptible and it has made it unworthy of the respect of honest men of either party.

THE Breckenridge News, published by J. D. Babbage and edited by that spicy and ready writer, Wallace Gruelle, is growing and spreading like a green bay tree. In its last issue it says that it is now in a home of its own, a handsome and commodious brick edifice on one of the best business corners in town. It has bought and is now being printed upon a new improved Campbell power press, and, on the whole, feels uncommonly jolly. We have enjoyed all of these facilities for five or six years and are therefore in good condition to warmly congratulate our friends on their success, which is as great as it is deserved.

THE mayor of Lexington thinks he will solve the social evil problem by issuing notices to the keepers and inmates of the houses of prostitution to leave the city within ten days. There are 25 such houses in the city and over 200 fallen women. The question as to how to deal with these unfortunates has puzzled the brains of social reformers for centuries without being nearer to solution than at first, and the mayor of Lexington will find that if he does succeed in closing the houses of ill-fame in his city, the evil will break out in a more deplorable form than at present condition.

MURAT HALSTEAD is going to start a republican newspaper in New York city. It will be a one-cent evening paper and will last during the campaign. Murat is the most disgusting partisan of the day and his new enterprise will no doubt reek with slime and filth. Perhaps his wicked partner, Deacon Richard Smith, was averse to his paper being made the receptacle of such matter, hence the move. The losses on the new concern are to be made good by the national republican committee.

FOR once the Virginia Court of Appeals, as organized by Boss Mahone, has refused to do his bidding. John S. Wise, whose only chance and that a slim one, for reelection to Congress, lay in getting that court to require the keeper of the rolls of the Legislature to strike out the re-appropriation bill, which was passed last winter over the Governor's veto, petitioned to that effect, but to the surprise of all democrats, it was unanimously refused. The bill, it is said, shuts most of the readjusters out.

NINE men contested with Mrs. Lucas, wife of the jailer of Davies county, who was murdered while trying to protect his prisoners, for the remainder of her husband's term, but the gullible voters came to her rescue and elected her by a plurality of 313. The insatiable desire for office springs so eternal in the average Kentuckian's breast, that it makes him forget both his gallantry and courtesy. Mrs. Lucas certainly deserved the office.

THAT dirty old bird, who would defile his own nest, Cassius M. Clay, writes to the New York Sun to say that he wants to vote for Blaine and Logan, but he is fearful of doing so since "the solid South avows the right and sets upon it, as proven in the Danville and Copiah murders, to kill any voter who acts with the republican party when it pleases them to do so; and they have sealed their avowal with the blood of free white men. If I am allowed by the good Providence, under the invitation of the national republican committee, I will be along before the November election and in Massachusetts or in New York city will attempt to make good my assertion that the solid South is responsible for these outrages. Shall I, he closes, "vote and risk all, or shall I die and give no utterance to my voiceless woe?" Our advice is that he go and shoot himself as a partial atonement for his dirty, slimy slander. He knows as well as we do that he can vote without let or hindrance and like Annanias he should be struck dead for stating an untruth. His life has been drawn out to four years beyond the allotted four score and ten, for a very poor purpose, if it be to defame his neighbors and friends.

THE Louisville Exposition will be opened at 2 P. M. next Saturday by Gov. Knott, assisted by Gov. Porter, of Indiana, and President Bennett H. Young. Addresses will be made by Mayor Jacob, Senator Beck and others and at 3:30 the opening concert will be played by Cappa's band. At 7 there will be a grand illumination of the building by 6,000 Edison electric lights. Also the June lights will be lighted about the grounds. At 8 P. M. will be the grand inaugural concert, with a special programme, assisted by a chorus of 500 voices, under the direction of Prof. A. O. Schuler. After this, addresses will be made by the Hon. James McKenzie and other distinguished men of the State. The display is fast approaching completion and the beggarly array of empty space will not greet the eye, as was the case at the opening last year.

WE are glad to observe that the officers of the law are beginning to make war on that most unbecoming and uncouth garment, the "Mother Hubbard" dress. In Mattoon, Ill., the police issued an order that no woman should appear upon the streets wearing a Mother Hubbard dress unbelted, the person violating the order being liable to arrest and fine. The authorities allege that the Mother Hubbard costume tends to an indecent exposure of the person and is therefore immoral. It transforms a pretty figure into the shapeless proportions of a mill sack and makes a tidy woman appear as a sloven. Congress should pass a law making the wearing of one either in public or in private a high crime and misdemeanor.

IT is enough to make a man sick with the silliness of political methods to read that in the Second Maryland district the Congressional convention took 1,353 ballots and adjourned without result and that in the Seventh Congressional district of Missouri 579 ballots were taken with the last identical with the first.

SOMETIMES the signal service hits the mark in its predictions about the weather, but any of us can do that. It more often gets left, however, as was the case Saturday night, when it had predicted that there would be frost on the highlands of Ohio. Instead, it was the warmest night for a month.

A WOMAN living near Knoxville gave birth to four girls averaging four pounds each, all of whom are living and with the mother are doing well. The same, however, can not be said of the father. The terrible misfortune has prostrated him and he is not expected to survive.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—There are thirty-two prisoners in the Madison county jail.

—Riddell's majority in Madison was 418 and in Rockcastle 158.

—Four persons returning from a funeral at Shenandoah, Pa., were struck by a locomotive and killed.

—Pittsburg reports the depression in the iron trade to be greater at present than for a number of years before.

—The Queen of Madagascar has proclaimed the negotiations with France at an end and ordered her subjects to prepare for war.

—The democrats of Boston opened the campaign Friday evening with a double ratification meeting. Faneuil Hall and the Temple were crowded to hear the speakers.

—A scheme is on foot in Cincinnati to organize a company with \$1,000,000 capital to complete the railroad tunnel under Walnut Hill, work on which was begun 30 years ago.

—Four Texans, Sam Faulkner and Henry Allen on one side and two Woodall brothers on the other, while en route to a camp meeting near Fredonia, settled an old feud with fire arms. All of them were mortally wounded.

—Maj. W. H. Botts, of Glasgow, has announced himself a candidate for Congress in the Eleventh district, subject to the action of the democratic convention. He served in the Legislature and was Assistant Secretary of State during a portion of the term of Gov. Leslie.

—The Kenton County Court has issued a rule against Dr. Chensault, Superintendent of the Lexington Insane Asylum, requiring him to appear in that court and show why he refused to admit an insane man named Kruse, who was sent to the asylum a few weeks ago from there.

—The Sun's Saratoga special says: "At a consultation held last night between leading Tammany chiefs, it was determined that Tammany shall at the next grand council pass a formal endorsement of Cleveland, to avoid the taint of baiting; then the members as individuals will cast their votes for Butler."

—Six men were drowned by the sinking of a boat in the Missouri.

—The bodies of the dead of the Greely expedition arrived at New York Friday.

—In Havana there were twenty five deaths from yellow fever in the past week.

—In consequence of over production, the cotton mills at Petersburg, Va., have closed.

—Ben Butterworth and Gen. Brown have been nominated for Congress by the republicans of Cincinnati.

—Frank Holzman lived three days after breaking his neck at Dayton, Ky., and the doctors are much puzzled.

—Ex Senator McDonald will take the stump for Cleveland and Hendricks. He thinks they will be elected.

—The Board of Equalization reduced the assessment of lands in Madison 4 per cent. and personal property 2 per cent.

—The returns from the Riddell-Holt race are still not in, but the latest reports elect the former by a small majority.

—Sarah A. Sharon, plaintiff in the Sharon divorce case, has sued the Alta California for \$50,000 damages for libel.

—Mercer's tax list was raised 5 per cent. on land and 3 per cent. on personal property, making a total increase of \$146,000.

—The colored voters of Cincinnati organized a Cleveland and Hendricks club Friday night with 143 members enrolled.

—The democratic convention for the new 10th district of Virginia nominated J. Randolph Tucker for Congress by acclamation.

—Of 290,000,000 acres of public land given away by the republicans while Blaine was in Congress he voted for every grant.

—A man whose name is supposed to be Wooke and who was from Buffalo, jumped into the rapids at Niagara and was carried over the falls.

—Nineteen lepers, who recently landed at San Francisco, were sent back to China by the citizens of that city, who paid their fare and gave them money besides.

—Holmes, Lafferty & Co., live stock dealers at Pittsburgh, have assigned; liabilities about \$100,000, with assets sufficient to pay dollar for dollar.

—Carter Harrison says he is going to be elected Governor of Illinois by 50,000 majority. He is also equally as confident of the election of Cleveland.

—Gen. Butler will take the stump and advocate the election of Gen. Butler to the presidency. His first speech will be made in New York city, Aug. 30.

—One of Barnum's cars caught fire and was destroyed, together with \$7,000 cash and the jewels and wardrobe of Chang, the Chinese giant. Chang barely escaped with his life.

—Rev. John G. Fee, President of Berea College, Madison county, a life-long abolitionist and republican, has come out for Cleveland and Hendricks. He is a good offset for Cassius M. Clay.

—Money is cheaper in London at present says the Economist, than at any previous time since Adam. The city banks keep currency advances at 1 per cent. interest and lend the same at 1 per cent.

—The last layer of stone was placed on the Washington monument at Washington Saturday. It is now 500 feet high. The workmen will immediately begin erecting the framework for the roof, which will be 55 feet high.

—A statement has been going the rounds of the press to the effect that Judge C. E. Kincaid has been appointed to go to Italy for the remains of Joel T. Hart. Judge K. informs us that he is not aware that any such appointment has been made by the Governor. [Xoeman.]

—Of the 4,500,000 letters which went into the dead letter office last year, twelve thousand were mailed without any address and nearly two hundred thousand without stamps. Half a million of them were directed to foreign countries.

—Charles Tilden, one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of Louisville, President of the Bank of Louisville, and President of the Board of Managers of the Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home, died suddenly Saturday night of neuralgia of the heart.

—New York city and adjoining towns were treated yesterday afternoon to a genuine earthquake that lasted from two to ten seconds. No serious damage was done, but the phenomena caused the greatest excitement all over the city, many thinking judgment day had come.

—One-half a square of business houses was destroyed by fire at Catlettsburg Sunday. Loss \$76,000; insurance \$44,000. Three persons were caught and killed by a falling wall and a number of others seriously injured. The killed are all negroes. David Kenner, of Williamsburg, is missing.

—The Louisville & Nashville's statement for the fiscal year ending June 30 is as follows: Gross earnings 1883 and 1884, \$14,351,043; 1882 and 1883, \$13,235,916; increase \$1,115,127. Operating expenses 1883 and 1884 \$8,823,783; 1882 and 1883, \$8,009,150; increase \$814,633; net earnings 1883 and 1884 \$5,527,310; 1882 and 1883 \$5,216,767; increase \$310,544.

—Ben Butler says: "I do intend to stand by the nominations of the Greenback and laboring men and the Anti-Monopolists, and I hope everybody will vote for me who thinks that it is the best thing to do. I will give the reasons for my action which are controlling, to the public as soon as I can have the benefit of Mr. Cleveland's letter of acceptance, so that wherein I disagree with him I may do him no injustice."

—Henry Ward Beecher having investigated the slanders on Gov. Cleveland says: "I expect to brand the men who have promulgated them as blackmailers and liars; for I now expect the Governor acted the part of a man in this affair. I shall take the stump for him and tell the people of this country that they must elect him President. I shall enter this canvass with an enthusiasm second only to that with which I entered the war."

LIVINGSTON, ROCKCASTLE COUNTY.

—The Kentucky Central received their first two cars of freight via the K. C. Extension Saturday.

—Frank Cordier, the photographer, has erected his tent in our midst. We also notice that Edward Singleton will be here in a few days. We presume we can have our photograph taken gratis.

—The Livingston Coal Co. is compelled to increase its capacity in order to accommodate their increasing trade. They are preparing to ship to points on the K. C. We had an excursion train to Parkshill and return yesterday. A good crowd from here.

—Miss Mamie McLean, who is a guest of Miss Alice ward, has been quite sick for past few days, but we are glad to say that she is improving. Miss Annie Musselman, of Louisville, is paying the family of Gov. Samsbrook a visit. Jno. J. Cox, our former railroad agent, has resigned on account of some personal trouble with some of the officials of the road, John L. Allen, former agent at Lorettes, relieving him. Frank Winget, our former operator at K. C. Junction, has accepted a position as night operator at Lebanon Junction, Chas. F. Redmon relieving him.

EAST BERNSTADT, LAUREL COUNTY.

—The miners have all been on a stand still for the past few days on account of a small reduction in their wages.

—DIED.—At the residence of the his parents 6 miles north of here at 4:30 last Thursday morning, of inflammation of the stomach, little M. Cooke, son of Mr. J. F. and Sue Baugh.

—I afford me great pleasure in writing to you, as I like to see our little place represented by the newspapers all around and unless some one takes up the pencil and collects the items, we will not be known abroad.

—The Vulcan Coal Co. has secured the contract of furnishing the railroad engines with coal at this place, which will demand about 200 bushels per day. They are now preparing to put up the bins.

—The Altamont Coal Co. is doing an extensive business, with Mr. Cash Crooke, president, C. S. Neild, secretary, Capt. W. A. Pugh, treasurer. This company is composed of first class gentlemen and employ none but that class of men to transact their business.

—Mr. Wm. Flint has gone to Kings Mountain, Ky. C. M. Lovelace, Esq. has left us to be gone a week or more. Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Vannuys are the guests of J. and E. S. McNeale. Mrs. Ida B. Wallen, of Livingston, is also visiting J. and E. S. McNeale. Mr. James M. Thompson returned home last Friday.

—Mr. T. S. Haynes has his hotel about completed. J. B. Tye & Co. have moved into their new store house on Booneville street. Geo. W. Owens sold all his personal property at public sale Saturday. He will start to Kansas next Monday. Mr. Owens leaves with our best wishes and we cheerfully recommend him to the good people of Kansas as a worthy gentleman. We are in need of a good rain in this part of the county. Farmers say that corn will not make a half crop through Laurel, Jackson and Owensley counties.

Letter From Louisville.

[To the Editor of the Interior Journal.]

Preparations are being made in Indiana for the fiercest campaign ever known to that closely contested State. The leaders of both parties are continually in consultation and a great fight is imminent. Scores of stump speakers from all over the Union will be turned loose upon the hardy Hoosiers and further on, in the autumn time, that modern factor, "soap," so feelingly referred to by the republican leaders at their big banquet in '80, will be brought out by the Blainites and freely used. Indiana and New York will be the battle grounds.

"Old Saddle Bags," Joseph E. McDonald, and the "Tall Sycamore of the Wabash," Dan Voorhees, are expected to lead the hosts.

From present "pointers" Hon. Albert S. Willis will have no opposition for Congress in this district.

The affair between Messrs. Haldeman and O'Sullivan at Crab Orchard occasioned considerable talk in this city. It seems that what occurred at the Springs was only the culmination of two years of bitterness. The difficulty is to all appearances over, though there has been no reconciliation. Mr. O'Sullivan is still at his post as managing editor.

Booker Reed has it all his own way for mayor up to this date. The opposition threatens to bring out John G. Baxter.

Judge Hargis has squarely settled down to the practice of the law with Mr. Isaac Palmer Caldwell, under the most favorable auspices. They had a fine clientele clinched before they formed the partnership and they are said to already have something like thirty cases in the Court of Appeals.

The Exposition will open next Saturday with great splendor. There will be an immense improvement upon the display of last year. The county exhibits will be one of the most interesting features.

Rich as she is in agricultural resources and historical associations, "Old Lincoln" should spread herself.

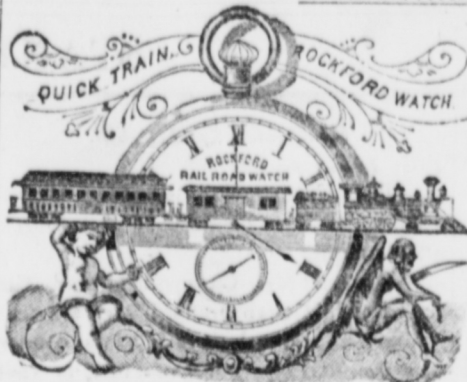
—The Wall Street Bank went up yesterday on account of the shortage of its cashier, who is behind \$200,000.

—Prohibition gained ground at several points in this State at the August elections. Local Option was adopted in the counties of Hopkins, Owen and Breckinridge, as well as in several isolated election precincts in other counties.

According to the meteorological summary for July, compiled at the signal office last month was exceptionally cool, being in fact the coolest July in 13 years. In July, 1871, the average temperature was 74°; last month it was 74°.

Penny & M'Alister

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Drugs, Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles.
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Largest Stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Silverware
Ever brought to this market. Prices Lower than the Lowest. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired on short notice and Warranted.

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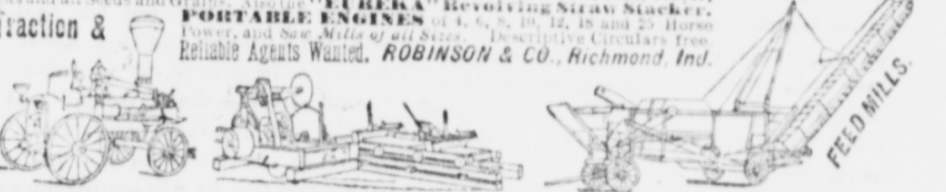
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